Since 2014, both – the UN system and peacekeeping – have increased their attention on technologies, recognizing their importance. The UN system has developed a strategic foresight on how to profit from digital technologies, especially data. This – together with the 2018 Action for Peacekeeping (A4P) and its renewed commitment to peace operations – provides a solid framework for peacekeeping to develop its own comprehensive reassessment and future perspectives. In addition, peace operations should look to other UN agencies, like UNDP, and the multitude of NGO and civil society initiatives for further insights on delivering tangible digital methods, tools, and applications to ensure that strategies transition into action.

*ZIF mapped relevant Security Council and General Assembly resolutions as well as major UN strategies, reform initiatives, and policies for the wider UN system and for peacekeeping specifically. Excluded are UN Agencies, Funds and Programmes (UNPs) initiatives (e.g. UNDP’s digital strategy Future Forward) or recurring resolutions (e.g. A/RES/65/141 on ICTs for development). Not considered are also individual peacekeeping initiatives within missions or those without an explicit focus on technology (e.g. the HIPPO report).